Report for the purposes of Appropriate Assessment Screening

St Bridget's Green Residential Development

Prepared by: Moore Group – Environmental Services

29 April 2022



On behalf of Westmeath County Council

Project Proponent	Westmeath County Council
Project	St Bridget's Green Residential Development
Title	Report for the purposes of Appropriate Assessment Screening St Bridget's Green Residential Development

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Appendix A – Finding of No Significant Effects Report

AA	Appropriate Assessment
EEC	European Economic Community
EPA	Environmental Protection Agency
EU	European Union
GIS	Geographical Information System
LAP	Local Area Plan
NHA	Natural Heritage Area
NIS	Natura Impact Statement
NPWS	National Parks and Wildlife Service
OSI	Ordnance Survey Ireland
pNHA	proposed Natural Heritage Area
SAC	Special Area of Conservation
SPA	Special Protection Area
SuDS	Sustainable Drainage System
WFD	Water Framework Directive

1. Introduction

1.1. General Introduction

This report for the purposes of Appropriate Assessment (AA) Screening has been prepared to support a Planning Application for the Proposed Development (described in Section 3 below). This report contains information required for the competent authority to undertake screening for Appropriate Assessment (AA) in respect of the construction of a residential development at St Bridget's Green, Mullingar, Co. Westmeath (hereafter referred to as the Proposed Development) to determine whether it is likely individually or in combination with other plans and projects to have a significant effect on any European sites, in light of best scientific knowledge.

Having regard to the provisions of the Planning and Development Act 2000 – 2021 (the "Planning Acts") (section 177U), the purpose of a screening exercise under section 177U of the PDA 2000 is to assess, in view of best scientific knowledge, if the proposed development, individually or in combination with another plan or project is likely to have a significant effect on a European site.

If it cannot be *excluded* on the basis of objective information that the proposed development, individually or in combination with other plans or projects, will have a significant effect on a European site then it is necessary to carry out a Stage 2 appropriate assessment under section 177V of the Planning Acts.

When screening the project, there are two possible outcomes:

- the project poses no potential for a likely significant effect and as such requires no further assessment; and
- the project has potential to have likely significant effect (or this is uncertain) unless mitigation measures are applied, and therefore an AA of the project is necessary.

This report has been prepared by Moore Group - Environmental Services to enable Westmeath County Council to carry out AA screening in relation to the Proposed Development. The report was compiled by Ger O'Donohoe (B.Sc. Applied Aquatic Sciences (GMIT, 1993) & M.Sc. Environmental Sciences (TCD, 1999)) who has 27 years' experience in environmental impact assessment and has completed numerous Appropriate Assessment Screening Reports and Natura Impact Statements on terrestrial and aquatic habitats for various development types.

1.2. Legislative Background - The Habitats and Birds Directives

Article 6 of the Habitats Directive is transposed into Irish Law inter alia by the Part XAB of the Planning Acts (section 177U and 177V) govern the requirement to carry out appropriate assessment screening and appropriate assessment, where required, per Section 1.1 above.

The Habitats Directive (Council Directive 92/43/EEC of 21 May 1992 on the conservation of natural habitats and of wild fauna and flora) is the main legislative instrument for the protection and conservation of biodiversity in the European Union (EU). Under the Habitats Directive, Member States are obliged to designate Special Areas of Conservation (SACs) which contain habitats or species considered important for protection and conservation in a EU context.

The Birds Directive (Council Directive 2009/147/EC on the conservation of wild birds), transposed into Irish law by the Bird and Natural Habitats Regulations 2011, as amended, is concerned with the long-term protection and management of all wild bird species and their habitats in the EU. Among other things, the Birds Directive requires that Special Protection Areas (SPAs) be established to protect migratory species and species which are rare, vulnerable, in danger of extinction, or otherwise require special attention.

SACs designated under the Habitats Directive and SPAs, designated under the Birds Directive, form a pan-European network of protected sites known as Natura 2000. The Habitats Directive sets out a unified system for the protection and management of SACs and SPAs. These sites are also referred to as European sites.

Articles 6(3) and 6(4) of the Habitats Directive set out the requirement for an assessment of proposed plans and projects likely to have a significant effect on Natura 2000 sites.

Article 6(3) establishes the requirement to screen all plans and projects and to carry out an appropriate assessment if required (Appropriate Assessment (AA)). Article 6(4) establishes requirements in cases of imperative reasons of overriding public interest:

Article 6(3): "Any plan or project not directly connected with or necessary to the management of the site but likely to have a significant effect thereon, either individually or in combination with other plans or projects, shall be subjected to an appropriate assessment of its implications for the site in view of the site's conservation objectives. In light of the conclusions of the assessment of the implications for the site and subject to the provisions of paragraph 4, the competent national authorities shall agree to the plan or project only after having ascertained that it will not adversely affect the integrity of the site concerned and, if appropriate, after having obtained the opinion of the general public."

2. Methodology

The Commission's methodological guidance (EC, 2002, 2018, 2021 see Section 2.1 below) promotes a four-stage process to complete the AA and outlines the issues and tests at each stage. An important aspect of the process is that the outcome at each successive stage determines whether a further stage in the process is required.

Stages 1 and 2 deal with the main requirements for assessment under Article 6(3). Stage 3 may be part of Article 6(3) or may be a necessary precursor to Stage 4. Stage 4 is the main derogation step of Article 6(4).

Stage 1 Screening: This stage examines the likely effects of a project either alone or in combination with other projects upon a Natura 2000 site and considers whether it can be objectively concluded that these effects will not be significant. In order to screen out a project, it must be excluded, on the basis of objective information, that the Proposed Development, individually or in combination with other plans or projects, will have a significant effect on a European site.

Stage 2 Appropriate Assessment: In this stage, there is a consideration of the impact of the project with a view to ascertain whether there will be any adverse effect on the integrity of the Natura 2000 site either alone or in combination with other projects or plans, with respect to the site's structure and function and its conservation objectives. Additionally, where there are predicted impacts, an assessment of the potential mitigation of those impacts is considered.

Stage 3 Assessment of Alternative Solutions: This stage examines alternative ways of implementing the project that, where possible, avoid any adverse impacts on the integrity of the Natura 2000 site.

Stage 4 Assessment where no alternative solutions exist and where adverse impacts remain: Where imperative reasons of overriding public interest (IROPI) exist, an assessment to consider whether compensatory measures will or will not effectively offset the damage to the sites will be necessary.

To ensure that the Proposed Development complies fully with the requirements of Article 6 of the Habitats Directive and all relevant Irish transposing legislation, Moore Group compiled this report to enable Westmeath County Council to carry out AA screening in relation to the Proposed Development to determine whether the Proposed Development, individually or in combination with another plan or project will have a significant effect on a Natura 2000 site.

2.1. Guidance

This report has been compiled in accordance with guidance contained in the following documents:

- Appropriate Assessment of Plans and Projects in Ireland Guidance for Planning Authorities. (Department of Environment, Heritage and Local Government, 2010 rev.).
- Appropriate Assessment under Article 6 of the Habitats Directive: Guidance for Planning Authorities. Circular NPWS 1/10 & PSSP 2/10.
- Assessment of Plans and Projects Significantly Affecting Natura 2000 sites: Methodological Guidance on the Provisions of Article 6(3) and (4) of the Habitats Directive 92/43/EEC (European Commission Environment Directorate-General, 2001); hereafter referred to as the EC Article 6 Guidance Document.
- Managing Natura 2000 Sites: The Provisions of Article 6 of the Habitat's Directive 92/43/EEC (EC Environment Directorate-General, 2000); hereafter referred to as MN2000.
- Managing Natura 2000 Sites: The Provisions of Article 6 of the Habitat's Directive 92/43/EEC (EC, 2018).

- Guidance document on the strict protection of animal species of Community interest under the Habitats Directive (EC, 2021).
- Assessment of plans and projects in relation to Natura 2000 sites Methodological guidance on Article 6(3) and (4) of the Habitats Directive 92/43/EEC (EC, 2021).
- Office of the Planning Regulator (OPR) Practice Note PN01 Appropriate Assessment Screening for Development Management (OPR, 2021).

2.2. Data Sources

Sources of information that were used to collect data on the Natura 2000 network of sites, and the environment within which they are located, are listed below:

- The following mapping and Geographical Information Systems (GIS) data sources, as required:
 - National Parks & Wildlife (NPWS) protected site boundary data;
 - Ordnance Survey of Ireland (OSI) mapping and aerial photography;
 - o OSI/Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) rivers and streams, and catchments;
 - Open Street Maps;
 - Digital Elevation Model over Europe (EU-DEM);
 - Google Earth and Bing aerial photography 1995-2022;
- Online data available on Natura 2000 sites as held by the National Parks and Wildlife Service (NPWS) from www.npws.ie including:
 - Natura 2000 Standard Data Form;
 - Conservation Objectives;
 - Site Synopses;
- National Biodiversity Data Centre records;
 - o Online database of rare, threatened and protected species;
 - Publicly accessible biodiversity datasets.
- Status of EU Protected Habitats in Ireland. (National Parks & Wildlife Service, 2019); and
- Relevant Development Plans;
 - o Westmeath County Development Plan 2017-2023

3. Description of the Proposed Development

The Proposed Development consists of the construction of a residential development consisting of 22 residential units and all associated and ancillary development at St. Bridget's Green, Mullingar, Co. Westmeath.

The existing environment was surveyed for habitats and invasive species on 30 March 2022. The site comprises an area of rank grassland with a Scrub are to the southern boundary. There were no signs of invasive species.

Figure 1 shows the Proposed Development location and Figure 2 shows a detailed view of the Proposed Development boundary on recent aerial photography. Figure 3 shows the layout of the Proposed Development.

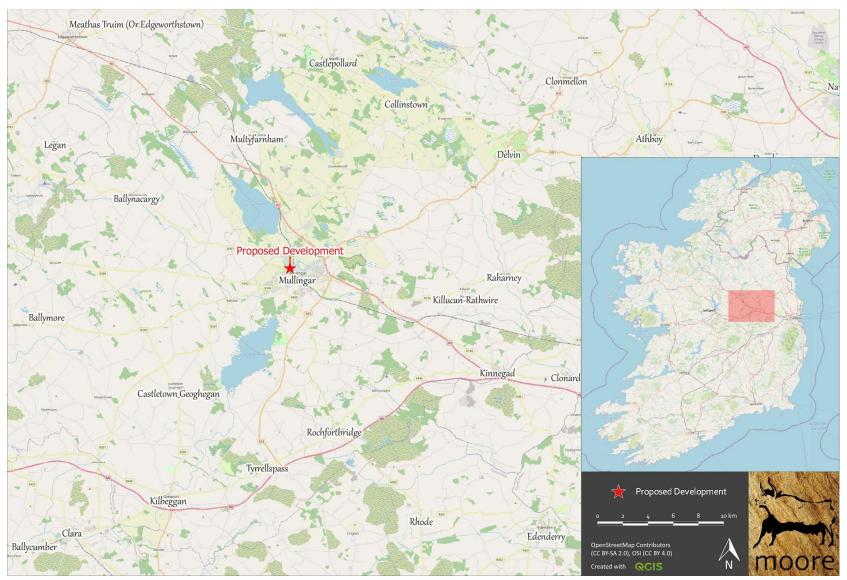


Figure 1. Showing the Proposed Development location at Mullingar, Co. Westmeath.



Figure 2. Showing the Proposed Development boundary on recent aerial photography.

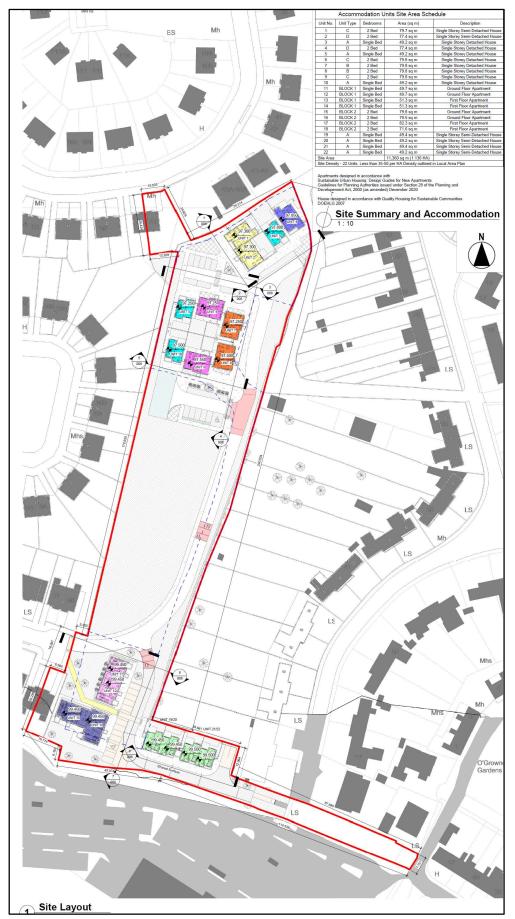


Figure 3. Plan of the Proposed Development.

4. Identification of Natura 2000 Sites

4.1. Description of Natura Sites Potentially Significantly Affected

The Department of Housing, Planning and Local Government (previously DoEHLG)'s Guidance on Appropriate Assessment (2009) recommends an assessment of European sites within a Zone of Influence (ZoI) of 15km. However, this distance is a guidance only and a zone of influence of a proposed development is the geographical area over which it could affect the receiving environment in a way that could have significant effects on the Qualifying Interests of a European site. In accordance with the OPR Practice Note, PN01, the ZoI should be established on a case-by-case basis using the Source- Pathway-Receptor framework and not by arbitrary distances (such as 15km).

The Zone of Influence may be determined by considering the Proposed Development's potential connectivity with European sites, in terms of:

- Nature, scale, timing and duration of works and possible impacts, nature and size of excavations, storage of materials, flat/sloping sites;
- Distance and nature of pathways (dilution and dispersion; intervening 'buffer' lands, roads etc.); and
- Sensitivity and location of ecological features.

The potential for source pathway receptor connectivity is firstly identified through GIS interrogation and detailed information is then provided on sites with connectivity. European sites that are located within a potential Zone of Influence of the Proposed Development are listed in Table 1 and presented in Figures 4 and 5, below. Spatial boundary data on the Natura 2000 network was extracted from the NPWS website (www.npws.ie) on 29 April 2022. This data was interrogated using GIS analysis to provide mapping, distances, locations and pathways to all sites of conservation concern including pNHAs, NHA and European sites.

Site Code	Site name	Distance (km) ²
000685	Lough Ennell SAC	3.32
000688	Lough Owel SAC	2.74
000692	Scragh Bog SAC	4.87
002205	Wooddown Bog SAC	4.86
004044	Lough Ennell SPA	3.66
004047	Lough Owel SPA	2.74

¹ All European sites potentially connected irrespective of the nature or scale of the Proposed Development.

² Distances indicated are the closest geographical distance between the Proposed Development and the European site boundary, as made available by the NPWS.

The nearest European sites to the Proposed Development are associated with Lough Owel, the SAC (Site Code 000685), and SPA (Site Code 004047), both approximately 2.75km to the northwest.

The Proposed Development is located within suburban Mullingar, in an area of rough grassland adjacent to existing housing estates. A review of aerial photography, Ordnance Survey Ireland (OSI) mapping and OSI Geographical Information System (GIS) data for rivers and streams indicates that there are no notable surface water features onsite and no direct hydrological pathways to offsite surface water bodies. This was confirmed during fieldwork on habitat assessment on 30 March 2022.

The Qualifying Interests (QIs) and Special Conservation Interests (SCIs) of the European sites in the Zone of influence of the Proposed Development are provided in Table 2 below.

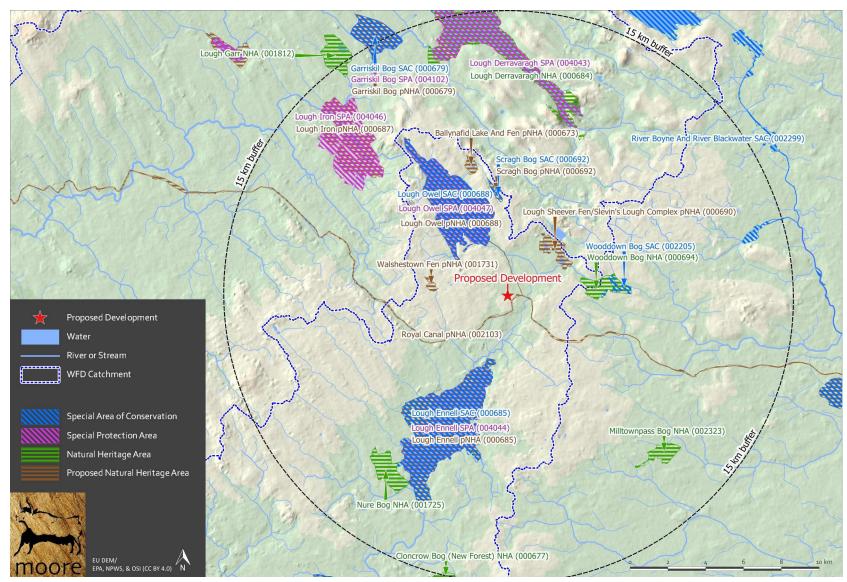


Figure 4. Showing European sites and NHAs/pNHAs within the wider Potential Zone of Influence of the Proposed Development.



Figure 5. Detailed view of European sites in the nearer Potential Zone of Influence of the Proposed Development.

European site name & Site code	Location Relative to the Proposed Development Site	Connectivity – Source-Pathway- Receptor	Considered further in Screening – Y/N
Lough Ennell SAC (000685) 7230 Alkaline fens	3.32km to the south of the Proposed Development	No There are no pathways or connectivity to the habitats and/or species of this site.	N
NPWS (2018) Conservation Objectives: Lough Ennell SAC 000685. Version 1. National Parks and Wildlife Service, Department of Culture, Heritage and the Gaeltacht.			
Lough Owel SAC (000688) 1092 White-clawed Crayfish Austropotamobius pallipes	2.74km to the northwest of the Proposed Development	No There are no pathways or connectivity to the habitats and/or species of this site.	N
3140 Hard oligo-mesotrophic waters with benthic vegetation of <i>Chara</i> spp.			
7140 Transition mires and quaking bogs			
7230 Alkaline fens			
NPWS (2018) Conservation Objectives: Lough Owel SAC 000688. Version 1. National Parks and Wildlife Service, Department of Culture, Heritage and the Gaeltacht.			
Lough Ennell SPA (004044)	3.66km to the south of the Proposed	No Due to distance and the lack of any relevant ex-situ factors of significance	N
A059 Pochard Aythya ferina	Development	to bird species or wetland habitat.	
A061 Tufted Duck Aythya fuligula			
A125 Coot Fulica atra			
A999 Wetlands			
NPWS (2022) Conservation objectives for Lough Ennell SPA [004044]. Generic Version 9.0. Department of Housing, Local Government and Heritage.			
Lough Owel SPA (004047)	2.74km to the	No Due to distance and the lack of any	N
A056 Shoveler Anas clypeata	northwest of the Proposed Development	relevant ex-situ factors of significance to bird species or wetland habitat.	
A125 Coot Fulica atra	Sevelopment		

Table 2 Identification of relevant European sites using Source-Pathway-Receptor model and compilation of information QIs and conservation objectives. *Priority Habitats

European site name & Site code	Location Relative to the Proposed Development Site	Connectivity – Source-Pathway- Receptor	Considered further in Screening – Y/N
A999 Wetlands NPWS (2022) Conservation objectives for Lough Owel SPA [004047]. Generic Version 9.0. Department of Housing, Local Government and Heritage.			

4.2. Ecological Network Supporting Natura 2000 Sites

A concurrent GIS analysis of the proposed Natural Heritage Areas (pNHA) and designated Natural Heritage Areas (NHA) in terms of their role in supporting the species using Natura 2000 sites was undertaken along with GIS investigation of European sites. It was assumed that these supporting roles mainly related to mobile fauna such as mammals and birds which may use pNHAs and NHAs as "stepping stones" between Natura 2000 sites.

Article 10 of the Habitats Directive and the Habitats Regulations 2011 place a high degree of importance on such non-Natura 2000 areas as features that connect the Natura 2000 network. Features such as ponds, woodlands and important hedgerows were taken into account during the preparation of this AA Screening report.

The NHAs and pNHAs identified in Figure 4 are located outside the Zone of Influence of the proposed development.

5. Identification of Potential Impacts & Assessment of Significance

The Proposed Development is not directly connected with or necessary to the management of the sites considered in the assessment and therefore potential impacts must be identified and considered.

5.1. Assessment of Likely Significant Effects

The Proposed Development is located within suburban Mullingar, in an area of rough grassland adjacent to existing housing estates. A review of aerial photography, Ordnance Survey Ireland (OSI) mapping and OSI Geographical Information System (GIS) data for rivers and streams indicates that there are no notable surface water features onsite and no direct hydrological pathways to offsite surface water bodies.

There is no connectivity to any European sites within or outside the potential Zone of Influence.

The consideration of all potential direct and indirect impacts that may result in significant effects on the conservation objectives of a European site, taking into account the size and scale of the Proposed Development are presented in Table 3.

Identification of all potential direct and indirect impacts that may result in significant effects on the conservation objectives of a European site, taking into account the size and scale of the project.		
Impacts:	Significance of Impacts:	
Construction phase e.g.	None	
Vegetation clearance Demolition	The Proposed Development site is located within the boundary of a field of improved grassland.	
Surface water runoff from soil excavation/infill/landscaping (including borrow pits)		
Dust, noise, vibration		
Lighting disturbance		
Impact on groundwater/dewatering		
Storage of excavated/construction materials		
Access to site		
Pests		
Operational phase e.g.	All foul and surface water runoff, once the facility is operational, will be contained on site and discharged to	
Direct emission to air and water	urban drainage systems.	
Surface water runoff containing contaminant or sediment	There is no real likelihood of any significant effects on European Sites in the wider catchment area.	
Lighting disturbance	The facility is located at a distance of removal such that there will be no disturbance to qualifying interest	
Noise/vibration	species in any European sites.	
Changes to water/groundwater due to drainage or abstraction		
Presence of people, vehicles and activities		
Physical presence of structures (e.g. collision risks)		
Potential for accidents or incidents		

Table 3 Assessment of Likely Significant Effects.

Interference with the key relationships that define the structure or ecological function of the site	Habitat or species fragmentation Reduction or fragmentation in species density Changes in key indicators of conservation status value (water quality etc.) Changes to areas of sensitivity or threats to QI	habitats or species directly or ex-situ.
	he structure or ecological function of the site Climate change	

On the basis of the information supplied, which is considered adequate to undertake a screening determination and having regard to:

- the nature and scale of the proposed development,
- the intervening land uses and distance from European sites,
- the lack of direct connections with regard to the Source-Pathway-Receptor model,

It may be concluded that the proposed development, individually or in-combination with other plans or projects, would not be likely to have a significant effect on the above listed European sites or any other European site, in view of the said sites' conservation objectives.

5.2. Assessment of Potential In-Combination Effects

In-combination effects are changes in the environment that result from numerous human-induced, small-scale alterations. In-combination effects can be thought of as occurring through two main pathways: first, through persistent additions or losses of the same materials or resource, and second, through the compounding effects as a result of the coming together of two or more effects.

As part of the Screening for an Appropriate Assessment, in addition to the Proposed Development, other relevant plans and projects in the area must also be considered at this stage. This step aims to identify at this early stage any possible significant in-combination effects of the Proposed Development with other such plans and projects on European sites.

A review of the National Planning Application Database was undertaken. The first stage of this review confirmed that there were no data gaps in the area where the Proposed Development is located. The database was then queried for developments granted planning permission within 500m of the Proposed Development within the last three years, these are presented in Table 4 below.

Planning Ref.	Description of development	Comments
196027	construction of a single storey extension, minor alterations and associated site works to existing dwelling house	No potential for in-combination effects given the scale and location of the project.
196036	amalgamation of retail units 4 and 5, associated plant to rear of unit and store signage above shop front windows, at Polonez shop	No potential for in-combination effects given the scale and location of the project.
196070	for development as previously granted under planning reference 16/6289 for ground floor window in-lieu of external door on northeast elevation, additional first floor window to ensuite on northeast elevation, increase in height of lean-to roof over utility and addition of roof window to roof slope on northeast elevation to accommodate walk in wardrobe to rear first floor bedroom	No potential for in-combination effects given the scale and location of the project.
196083	construction of a 616sqm ground floor extension with plant room 214sqm above, to include Magnetic Resonance Imaging (MRI) Unit and extensions to the Emergency and Radiology Departments and all ancillary works as necessary at south-west side of The Midlands Regional Hospital Mullingar and the demolition and removal of the 86sqm ambulance base building. The development is within the curtilage of a Protected Structure (Ref 019-004).	No potential for in-combination effects given the scale and location of the project.
196091	construction of a two storey extension to the side of our existing house to include on ground floor a living room, dining room and utility and on first floor two bedrooms and one bathroom with all ancillary site works	No potential for in-combination effects given the scale and location of the project.
196121	construction of 18 Apartment units in 2 Blocks (Block A & B). Block A consists of 1 no. 1 bedroom unit, 3 no. 2 bedroom units and 2 no. 3 bedroom duplex apartment units in 2 and 3 storey high building with private balconies and patios. Block B consists of 6 no. 1 bedroom units and 6 no. 2 bedroom duplex apartment units in 3 storey high building with private balconies and patios. The proposed development will also consist of new site entrance, shared access road, footpaths, car parking spaces, boundary wall and fence, covered cycle rack, recycling bin storage area, public and private open spaces, partial removal and trimming of existing hedgerows to accommodate proposed site entrance, landscaping and all associated site works and services	No potential for in-combination effects given the scale and location of the project.
196142	change of use from Retail use (159sqm) and Office (159sqm) use to Dental surgery use (318sqm), internal fit out works to include the amalgamation of units 2 & 3, front and rear elevation changes with associated signage	No potential for in-combination effects given the scale and location of the project.

Table 4. Planning applications granted permission in the vicinity of the Proposed Development.

Planning Ref.	Description of development	Comments
196195	to construct a new single storey 5 screen cinema, of gross plan area approx. 875sqm and approx. 8.625m high and associated site works	No potential for in-combination effects given the scale and location of the project.
196295	565m2 two storey extension at the northeast corner of Colaiste Mhuire comprising of a construction studies room with prep room, a home economics room, two interconnecting classrooms and associated circulation space and all associated works including connecting into existing building and external and internal services. The proposed development is within the curtilage of the Hevey Institute, a protected structure No 019-157 under the Record of Protected Structures of Westmeath County Council Development Plan 2014-2020	No potential for in-combination effects given the scale and location of the project.
196323	for alterations to the front elevation at ground floor level to provide a new shop front with associated signage	No potential for in-combination effects given the scale and location of the project.
206058	To construct a side extension to existing dwelling house to include a study and a playroom with all ancillary site works	No potential for in-combination effects given the scale and location of the project.
206147	A 237.4sqm. two storey extension comprising of 2 x 80sqm. classrooms 1 x assisted WC and 4 x 15sqm. SET rooms all to be constructed at the existing courtyard to the rear of the southwestern wing, connect to existing foul and surface water drainage systems, all associated internal and external alterations and site works including provision of 12PV panels on existing flat roof within the Courtyard, the proposed development is within the curtilage of the Hevey Institute, a protected structure Ref: No. 019- 157 under the Record of Protected Structures of Westmeath County Council Council County Development Plan 2014-2020	No potential for in-combination effects given the scale and location of the project.
206257	Provision of a new window at second floor level in west facing facade	No potential for in-combination effects given the scale and location of the project.
206285	The development will comprise of the following: Retention of a temporary structure comprising of a 520m2 tent which is located at the existing external play area to the north-east of the school grounds. The proposed development is within the curtilage off the Hevey Institute , a protected structure No. 019-157 under the Record of Protected Structures of Westmeath County Council County Development Plan 2014 - 2020.	No potential for in-combination effects given the scale and location of the project.

The Westmeath County Development Plan in complying with the requirements of the Habitats Directive requires that all Projects and Plans that could affect the Natura 2000 sites in the same potential Zone of Influence of the Proposed Development site would be initially screened for Appropriate Assessment and if requiring Stage 2 AA, that appropriate employable mitigation measures would be put in place to avoid, reduce or ameliorate negative impacts. In this way any, in-combination impacts with Plans or Projects for the proposed development area and surrounding townlands in which the proposed development site is located, would be avoided.

The listed developments have been granted permission in most cases with conditions relating to sustainable development by the consenting authority in compliance with the relevant Local Authority Development Plan and in compliance with the Local Authority requirement with regard to the Habitats Directive. The development cannot have received planning permission without having met the consenting authority requirement in this

regard. There are no predicted in-combination effects given that it is predicted that the Proposed Development will have no effect on any European site.

There are no predicted in-combination effects given that it is predicted that the Proposed Development will have no significant effect on any European site.

Any new applications for the Proposed Development area will be assessed on a case by case basis *initially* by Westmeath County Council which will determine the requirement for AA Screening as per the requirements of Article 6(3) of the Habitats Directive.

6. Conclusion

There is no connectivity to any European sites within or outside the potential Zone of Influence.

There are no predicted effects on any European sites given:

- The distance between the Proposed Development and any European Sites, approximately 2.75km;
- The lack of connectivity between the Proposed Development and any hydrological pathways; there are no watercourses within the Proposed Development boundary and there is no connectivity between the Proposed Development site and any watercourses that lead to any European sites;
- The Proposed Development is to be connected to the existing public sewer network for the treatment of wastewater.
- There are no predicted emissions to air, water or the environment during the construction or operational phases that would result in significant effects.

It has been objectively concluded by Moore Group Environmental Services that:

- 1. The Proposed Development is not directly connected with, or necessary to the conservation management of the European sites considered in this assessment.
- 2. The Proposed Development is unlikely to either directly or indirectly significantly affect the Qualifying interests or Conservation Objectives of the European sites considered in this assessment.
- 3. The Proposed Development, alone or in combination with other projects, is not likely to have significant effects on the European sites considered in this assessment in view of their conservation objectives.
- 4. It is possible to conclude that significant effects can be excluded at the screening stage.

It can be *excluded*, on the basis of objective information, that the Proposed Development, individually or in combination with other plans or projects, will have a significant effect on a European site.

An appropriate assessment is not, therefore, required.

A finding of no significant effects report is presented in Appendix A in accordance with the EU Commission's methodological guidance (European Commission, 2002).

7. References

Department of the Environment, Heritage and Local Government (2010) Guidance on Appropriate Assessment of Plans and Projects in Ireland (as amended February 2010).

European Commission (2000) Managing Natura 2000 sites: the provisions of Article 6 of the 'Habitats' Directive 92/43/EEC.

European Commission Environment DG (2002) Assessment of plans and projects significantly affecting Natura 2000 sites: Methodological guidance on the provisions of Article 6(3) and (4) of the Habitats Directive 92/43EEC. European Commission, Brussels.

European Commission (2007) Guidance document on Article 6(4) of the 'Habitats Directive '92/43/EEC: Clarification of the concepts of: alternative solutions, imperative reasons of overriding public interests, compensatory measures, overall coherence and opinion of the Commission. European Commission, Brussels.

European Commission (2018) Managing Natura 2000 sites: the provisions of Article 6 of the 'Habitats' Directive 92/43/EEC.

European Commission (2021) Assessment of plans and projects in relation to Natura 2000 sites - Methodological guidance on Article 6(3) and (4) of the Habitats Directive 92/43/EEC, Brussels 28.9.21.

European Commission (2021) Guidance document on the strict protection of animal species of Community interest under the Habitats Directive, Brussels 12.10.21.

NPWS (2019) The Status of EU Protected Habitats and Species in Ireland. National Parks and Wildlife Service, Department of the Environment, Heritage and Local Government, Dublin.

NPWS (2022) National Parks and Wildlife Service Metadata available online at https://www.npws.ie/maps-anddata

Office-of-the-Planning-Regulator (2021) Appropriate Assessment Screening for Development Management OPR Practice Note PN01. March 2021

Appendix A

FINDING OF NO SIGNIFICANT EFFECTS REPORT

Finding no significant effects report matrix

Name of project or plan

St Bridget's Green RD

Name and location of the Natura 2000 site(s)

The nearest European sites to the Proposed Development are associated with Lough Owel, the SAC (Site Code 000685), and SPA (Site Code 004047), both approximately 2.75km to the northwest.

The Proposed Development is located within suburban Mullingar, in an area of rough grassland adjacent to existing housing estates. A review of aerial photography, Ordnance Survey Ireland (OSI) mapping and OSI Geographical Information System (GIS) data for rivers and streams indicates that there are no notable surface water features onsite and no direct hydrological pathways to offsite surface water bodies. This was confirmed during fieldwork on habitat assessment on 30 March 2022.

There is no connectivity to any European sites within or outside the potential Zone of Influence.

Description of the project or plan

The Proposed Development consists of the construction of a residential development consisting of 22 residential units at St. Bridget's Green, Mullingar, Co. Westmeath.

Is the project or plan directly connected with or necessary to the management of the site(s)

No

Are there other projects or plans that together with the projects or plan being assessed could affect the site

A review of the National Planning Application Database was undertaken. The first stage of this review confirmed that there were no data outages in the area where the Proposed Development is located. The database was then queried for developments granted planning permission within 500m of the Proposed Development within the last three years, these are presented in the Table below.

Planning Ref.	Description of development	Comments
196027	construction of a single storey extension, minor alterations and associated site works to existing dwelling house	No potential for in- combination effects given the scale and location of the project.
196036	amalgamation of retail units 4 and 5, associated plant to rear of unit and store signage above shop front windows, at Polonez shop	No potential for in- combination effects given the scale and location of the project.
196070	for development as previously granted under planning reference 16/6289 for ground floor window in-lieu of external door on northeast elevation, additional first floor window to ensuite on northeast elevation, increase in height of lean-to roof over utility and addition of roof window to roof slope on northeast elevation to accommodate walk in wardrobe to rear first floor bedroom	No potential for in- combination effects given the scale and location of the project.
196083	construction of a 616sqm ground floor extension with plant room 214sqm above, to include Magnetic Resonance Imaging (MRI) Unit and extensions to the Emergency and Radiology Departments and all ancillary works as	No potential for in- combination effects given

Planning applications granted permission in the vicinity of the Proposed Development.

Planning

196091

196121

196142

196195

196295

196323

206058

206147

206257

Ref.

Description of development	Comments
necessary at south-west side of The Midlands Regional Hospital Mullingar and the demolition and removal of the 86sqm ambulance base building. The development is within the curtilage of a Protected Structure (Ref 019- 004).	the scale and location of the project.
construction of a two storey extension to the side of our existing house to include on ground floor a living room, dining room and utility and on first floor two bedrooms and one bathroom with all ancillary site works	No potential for in- combination effects given the scale and location of the project.
construction of 18 Apartment units in 2 Blocks (Block A & B). Block A consists of 1 no. 1 bedroom unit, 3 no. 2 bedroom units and 2 no. 3 bedroom duplex apartment units in 2 and 3 storey high building with private balconies and patios. Block B consists of 6 no. 1 bedroom units and 6 no. 2 bedroom duplex apartment units in 3 storey high building with private balconies and patios. The proposed development will also consist of new site entrance, shared access road, footpaths, car parking spaces, boundary wall and fence, covered cycle rack, recycling bin storage area, public and private open spaces, partial removal and trimming of existing hedgerows to accommodate proposed site entrance, landscaping and all associated site works and services	No potential for in- combination effects given the scale and location of the project.
change of use from Retail use (159sqm) and Office (159sqm) use to Dental surgery use (318sqm), internal fit out works to include the amalgamation of units 2 & 3, front and rear elevation changes with associated signage	No potential for in- combination effects given the scale and location of the project.
to construct a new single storey 5 screen cinema, of gross plan area approx. 875sqm and approx. 8.625m high and associated site works	No potential for in- combination effects given the scale and location of the project.
565m2 two storey extension at the northeast corner of Colaiste Mhuire comprising of a construction studies room with prep room, a home economics room, two interconnecting classrooms and associated circulation space and all associated works including connecting into existing building and external and internal services. The proposed development is within the curtilage of the Hevey Institute, a protected structure No 019- 157 under the Record of Protected Structures of Westmeath County Council Development Plan 2014-2020	No potential for in- combination effects given the scale and location of the project.
for alterations to the front elevation at ground floor level to provide a new shop front with associated signage	No potential for in- combination effects given the scale and location of the project.
To construct a side extension to existing dwelling house to include a study and a playroom with all ancillary site works	No potential for in- combination effects given the scale and location of the project.
A 237.4sqm. two storey extension comprising of 2 x 80sqm. classrooms 1 x assisted WC and 4 x 15sqm. SET rooms all to be constructed at the existing courtyard to the rear of the southwestern wing, connect to existing foul and surface water drainage systems, all associated internal and external alterations and site works including provision of 12PV panels on existing flat roof within the Courtyard, the proposed development is within the curtilage of the Hevey Institute, a protected structure Ref: No. 019-157 under the Record of Protected Structures of Westmeath County Council Council County Development Plan 2014-2020	No potential for in- combination effects given the scale and location of the project.
Provision of a new window at second floor level in west facing facade	No potential for in-

combination effects given the scale and location of the

project.

Planning Ref.	Description of development	Comments
206285	The development will comprise of the following: Retention of a temporary structure comprising of a 520m2 tent which is located at the existing external play area to the north-east of the school grounds. The proposed development is within the curtilage off the Hevey Institute , a protected structure No. 019-157 under the Record of Protected Structures of Westmeath County Council County Development Plan 2014 - 2020.	No potential for in- combination effects given the scale and location of the project.

The Westmeath County Development Plan in complying with the requirements of the Habitats Directive requires that all Projects and Plans that could affect the Natura 2000 sites in the same potential Zone of Influence of the Proposed Development site would be initially screened for Appropriate Assessment and if requiring Stage 2 AA, that appropriate employable mitigation measures would be put in place to avoid, reduce or ameliorate negative impacts. In this way any, in-combination impacts with Plans or Projects for the proposed development area and surrounding townlands in which the proposed development site is located, would be avoided.

The listed developments have been granted permission in most cases with conditions relating to sustainable development by the consenting authority in compliance with the relevant Local Authority Development Plan and in compliance with the Local Authority requirement for regard to the Habitats Directive. The development cannot have received planning permission without having met the consenting authority requirement in this regard. There are no predicted in-combination effects given that it is predicted that the Proposed Development will have no effect on any European site.

There are no predicted in-combination effects given that the reasons discussed in the 'Comments' column of the Table above and given that the Proposed Development is unlikely to have any adverse effects on any European sites.

Any new applications for the Proposed Development area will be assessed on a case by case basis *initially* by Westmeath County Council which will determine the requirement for AA Screening as per the requirements of Article 6(3) of the Habitats Directive.

THE ASSESSMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE OF EFFECTS

Describe how the project or plan (alone or in combination) is likely to affect the Natura 2000 site.

A review of aerial photography, Ordnance Survey Ireland (OSI) mapping and OSI Geographical Information System (GIS) data for rivers and streams indicates that there are no watercourses in the vicinity of the Proposed Development site. This was confirmed during fieldwork on habitat assessment on 30 March 2022

There is no connectivity to any European sites within or outside the potential Zone of Influence.

Explain why these effects are not considered significant.

There are no predicted effects on any European sites given:

- The distance between the Proposed Development and any European Sites, approximately 2.75km;
- The lack of connectivity between the Proposed Development and any hydrological pathways; there are no watercourses within the Proposed Development boundary and there is no connectivity between the Proposed Development site and any watercourses that lead to any European sites;
- The Proposed Development is to be connected to the existing public sewer network for the treatment of wastewater.
- There are no predicted emissions to air, water or the environment during the construction or operational phases that would result in significant effects

List of agencies consulted: provide contact name and telephone or e-mail address

The requirement for Appropriate Assessment Screening was determined during pre-planning discussion with Westmeath County Council.

Response to consultation

N/A.

DATA COLLECTED TO CARRY OUT THE ASSESSMENT

Who carried out the assessment

Moore Group Environmental Services.

Sources of data

NPWS database of designated sites at www.npws.ie

National Biodiversity Data Centre database http://maps.biodiversityireland.ie

Level of assessment completed

Desktop Assessment. Fieldwork was carried out as part of the AA process.

Where can the full results of the assessment be accessed and viewed

Westmeath County Council Planning web portal.

OVERALL CONCLUSIONS

There is no connectivity to any European sites within or outside the potential Zone of Influence.

There are no predicted effects on any European sites given:

- The distance between the Proposed Development and any European Sites, approximately 2.75km;
- The lack of connectivity between the Proposed Development and any hydrological pathways; there are no watercourses within the Proposed Development boundary and there is no connectivity between the Proposed Development site and any watercourses that lead to any European sites;
- The Proposed Development is to be connected to the existing public sewer network for the treatment of wastewater.
- There are no predicted emissions to air, water or the environment during the construction or operational phases that would result in significant effects.

It has been objectively concluded by Moore Group Environmental Services that:

- 1. The Proposed Development is not directly connected with, or necessary to the conservation management of the European sites considered in this assessment.
- 2. The Proposed Development is unlikely to either directly or indirectly significantly affect the Qualifying interests or Conservation Objectives of the European sites considered in this assessment.
- 3. The Proposed Development, alone or in combination with other projects, is not likely to have significant effects on the European sites considered in this assessment in view of their conservation objectives.
- 4. It is possible to conclude that significant effects can be excluded at the screening stage.

It can be *excluded*, on the basis of objective information, that the Proposed Development, individually or in combination with other plans or projects, will have a significant effect on a European site.

An appropriate assessment is not, therefore, required.

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